### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund information of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress of other postemployment benefits on pages M1-M10 and 45-47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2015 on our consideration of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Claverack, New York September 15, 2015

#### ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Introduction

The following is a discussion and analysis of Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's (the District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the government—wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- The total assets of the District exceeded its total liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$49 million (net position).
- The District's total net position increased \$8,717,088 compared to the 2013-14 reporting period. This change results primarily from the increase in assets.
- A capital project of \$48,166,300 was started during the 2013-2014 fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- \*The first two statements are districtwide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.
- \*The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School District, report the District's operations in more detail than the districtwide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all the other non-major funds listed in total in one column.
- \*The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  \*Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1 Major Features of the Districtwide and Fund Financial Statements

	Districtwide	Fund S	tatements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not fiduciary such as School Lunch and Capital spending	Instances where the School District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as payroll taxes and scholarships
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.	All assets and liabilities both short-term and long-term.
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **Districtwide Financial Statements**

The districtwide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two districtwide statements report the District's net position and how it changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources-is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- \*Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- \*To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional informational factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the districtwide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as Governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finances most of these activities.

#### Districtwide Financial Analysis

#### Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's Net Position June 30, 2014 and 2015

	Governmental Activities								
		Restated 2014		2015	Variance Increase (Decrease)				
Current Assets	\$	12,970,303	\$	29,295,829	\$ 16,325,526				
Capital Assets		62,711,535		61,831,282	(880,253)				
Net Pension Asset		782,670		13,600,189	12,817,519				
Total Assets		76,464,508		104,727,300	15,445,273				
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,168,682		3,659,187	490,505				
Total Assets and Outflows of Resources		79,633,190		108,386,487	15,935,778				
Current Liabilities		8,479,145		25,502,904	17,023,759				
Noncurrent Liabilities		26,602,571		23,634,074	(2,968,497)				
Net Pension Liability		776,638		580,605	(196,033)				
Total Liabilities		35,858,354		49,717,583	14,055,262				
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		9,351,694	9,351,694				
Total Liabilities and Inflows of Resources		35,858,354	_	59,069,277	23,406,956				
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		39,242,153		24,823,960	(14,418,193)				
Restricted		5,474,162		6,266,957	792,795				
Unrestricted		(941,479)		18,226,293	19,167,772				
Total Net Position	\$	43,774,836	\$	49,317,210	\$ 5,542,374				

Maintaining adequate fund balance (reserved and unappropriated) has several internal benefits. Fund balance can provide for cash flow needs until major revenues are received (thereby reducing or eliminating the need for cash flow borrowing), provide funds to leverage state and federal grants, and provide for various contingency expenses.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide educational services. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

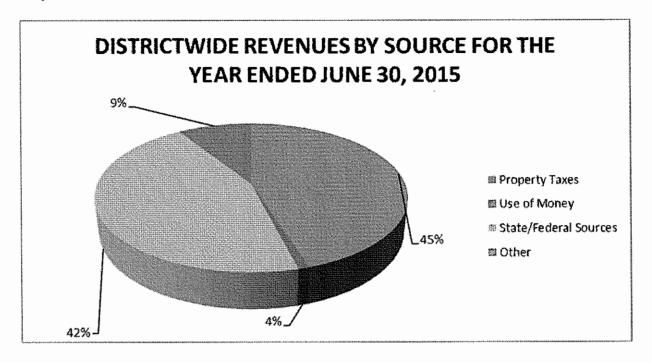
An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (e.g. capital projects, debt service and

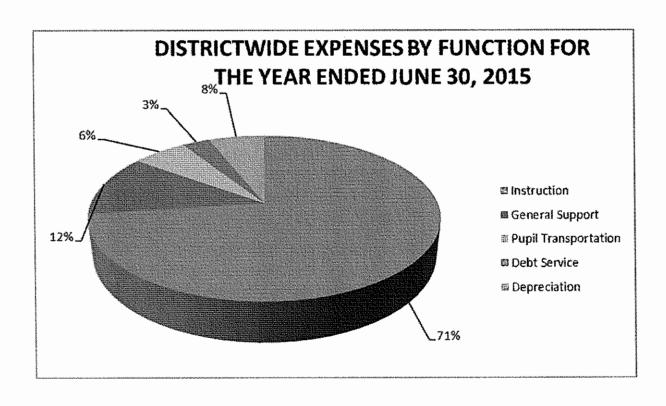
other specified purposes). The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligation to provide educational services.

#### Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2015

	Governi Activ		
	2014	2015	Variance Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 974,421	\$ 901,003	\$ (73,418)
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,541,004	3,107,793	(433,211)
Total Program Revenues	\$ 4,515,425	\$ 4,008,796	\$ (506,629)
General Revenues:			
Real Property Taxes	19,834,116	20,664,290	\$ 830,174
Other Tax Items	4,010,738	4,012,830	2,092
Use of Money and Property	182,086	179,927	(2,159)
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	2,657	47,313	44,656
Miscellaneous	281,508	237,894	(43,614)
State Sources	18,085,780	19,233,026	1,147,246
Federal Sources	246,200	168,327	(77,873)
Premium on Obligations		822,924	822,924
Total General Revenues	42,643,085	45,366,531	2,723,446
Expenses:			
Instruction	32,360,333	28,398,739	(3,961,594)
General Support	5,023,695	4,825,345	(198,350)
Transportation	2,823,147	2,597,658	(225,489)
Community Service	2,418	1,760	(658)
Debt Service-Interest	1,173,106	1,204,437	31,331
Depreciation-Unallocated	2,691,349	2,687,806	(3,543)
Fiscal Agent Fees	-	84,771	84,771
School Lunch	81,665	23,641	(58,024)
Total Expenses	44,155,713	39,824,157	(4,331,556)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (1,512,628)	\$ 5,542,374	\$ 7,055,002

The following charts provide the percentage breakdown of all revenues by source and all expenses by function for the entire District.





#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds-not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or difference) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to
  others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District
  is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for
  their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District
  excludes these activities from the districtwide financial statements because it
  cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The following is a summary of the fund balances by individual major funds:

	Fun	d Balance 2014	Fun	d Balance 2015	Variance Increase Decrease)
General	\$	6,396,035	\$	6,916,527	\$ 520,492
School Lunch		150,561		126,432	(24,129)
Special Aid		47,485		26,630	(20,855)
Capital		(837,787)		(2,270,096)	(1,432,309)
Debt Service		2,422,579		2,703,291	280,712
Totals	\$	8,178,873	\$	7,502,784	\$ (676,089)

By law, school districts are only allowed to retain 4% of the subsequent year's general fund budget as unreserved or unassigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund totals \$1,920,097 which is 4% of the 2015-16 General Fund Budget of \$48 million. The assigned fund balance of \$1,463,894 is composed of \$388,894 for encumbrances and \$1,075,000 as revenue to support the 2015-16 General Fund budget.

#### **Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)**

			Increase
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 1,652,526	\$ 1,652,526	\$ 0
Construction in Progress	837,788	2,270,097	1,432,309
Buildings and Improvements	58,795,281	56,697,976	(2,097,305)
Buses	1,092,014	924,594	(167,420)
Machinery and Equipment	333,926	286,089	(47,837)
Total	<u>\$ 62,711,535</u>	<u>\$ 61,831,282</u>	<u>\$(880,253)</u>

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

For the 2014-15 school year, the voters of the District approved a budget of \$46,408,029. That budget was subsequently increased by \$593,183. This total is comprised of several different components listed in more detail below:

- \$410,937 represents encumbrances carried over from the prior school year.
- \$117,002 is the result of reserve activities such as employee benefit accruals, tax certiorari claims and unemployment insurance claims.
- \$65,244 is increases to the budget representing the appropriation of miscellaneous expenditures and revenues generated by District programs such as theater arts/drama, summer school and a special legislative grant (\$50,000) received by the District.

The District considers the results achieved regarding the 2014-15 finances to be commendable. Careful administration of the budget has enabled the district to continue to maintain reserve funds as well as fully fund the mandated accrual for the Teachers Retirement System and the Employees Retirement System. The Board of Education has continued to make the funding of the employee's retirement reserve a priority. This will ensure that changes in the contribution percentages will not result in spikes in the tax rate.

#### Enrollment

Public school enrollment gathered by the state each October has shown a slight decline over the past several years. However, the enrollment study that was commissioned for the \$48.2 million Capital Project indicates that the District will see a steady increase in enrollment over the next several years. Although this has not yet resulted in any significant additional staffing, this will need to be considered in future years.

#### **Debt Administration**

The District issued a new five-year bond with a principal amount of \$331,901 in November 2014 to finance the purchase of school buses. The voters of the district authorized the purchase during the annual vote held May 2014. The District also issued a \$17,000,000 BAN in April 2015.

The Mohonasen School District has a bond rating of Aa3 with an underlying rating of A1. The amount of general obligation debt a school district may issue is limited to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation, pursuant to Section 104.00 of the Local Finance Law. The current debt obligation of the district is approximately \$23.5 million dollars as of June 30, 2015, which is well within the stipulated limitation of approximately \$142 million (10% of total assessed value).

#### **Outstanding Long-Term Debt**

			Increase
	2014	2015	(Decrease)
General Obligation Bonds	\$23,469,382	\$20,007,322	\$ (3,462,060)

#### Factors Impacting the District's Future

The wealth of the Mohonasen Central School District is based upon income and full value of taxable real property. Using those variables, the District is thus classified as being less than average in comparison to the state average wealth ratio. An average wealth school district in New York State has a combined wealth ratio (CWR), for state aid purposes of 1.0. Mohonasen's CWR for 2014-15 was .699 (a ratio of resident income and property values). The state foundation aid formula is designed to help districts with combined wealth ratios of less than 1.0. Generally these districts receive more state aid than wealthier ones and are consequently more dependent on such aid. Mohonasen relies heavily on state aid as a revenue source. Approximately 41% of the district's revenue is from state aid. Although there was approximately a \$1 million increase in state aid for 2014-15 this was mainly due to a reduction in the "gap elimination adjustment" (GEA), a reduction applied to the general formula.

The District has been very aggressive in securing competitive grants over the past several years. These grants have been important in mitigating potential lay-offs and continuing to provide a sound education for the students of the District. However, these grants are awarded for a finite number of years. As these grant funds run out it will be a challenge for the District to continue to provide these level of services. One significant grant which ended after the 2014-15 school year is the School District Performance Improvement Grant which provided \$721,817 toward salaries, contracted services and supplies. The District will continue to seek out and apply for these grants and believe that the new Center for Advanced Technology, which is a part of the recently approved capital project, will be instrumental in securing these funds.

The financial audit for the year-end 2014-15 shows that the district was able to maintain the 4% unassigned fund balance allowed by law, and fully accrue both the Teacher's and Employee's retirement system obligations. In addition, the employee's retirement reserve was funded to mitigate potential rate spikes in the future. This reserve was established in 2009-10 to help address increases for future mandated retiree contributions. Reserves like this have been instrumental in stabilizing and maintaining the financial status of the district in these difficult economic times. In the past two years contribution rates have stabilized, and even decreased. These events have allowed the district to absorb the loss of grants discussed earlier in this section. The long range financial stability of the District, as well as schools around the state, will be greatly impacted by the contribution rates of these retirement funds in the next few years.

#### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District, 2072 Curry Road, Schenectady, New York 12303.

## ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

ASSETS			
Unrestricted cash	\$	21,123,546	
Restricted cash		6,234,616	
Other receivables, net		102,631	
State and federal aid receivable		1,142,035	
Due from other governments		634,126	
Due from fiduciary funds		4,745	
Inventories		54,130	
Capital assets, net		61,831,282	
Net pension asset-proportionate share		13,600,189	
Total Assets			\$ 104,727,300
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pensions		3,659,187	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			\$ 3,659,187
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	241,080	
Accrued liabilities		966,870	
Bond anticipation notes payable		17,000,000	
Due to teachers' retirement system		3,232,712	
Due to employees' retirement system		237,807	
Due to fiduciary funds		123,434	
Due to other governments		144	
Unearned revenue		81,178	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due and payable within one year			
Bonds payable		3,619,679	
Due and payable after one year			
Bonds payable		16,387,643	
Compensated absences payable		145,554	
Other postemployment benefits payable		7,100,877	
Net pension liability - proportionate share		580,605	
Total Liabilities			\$ 49,717,583
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions		9,351,694	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			\$ 9,351,694
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		24,823,960	
Restricted		6,266,957	
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	18,226,293	
Total Net Position			\$ 49,317,210

### ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Program :	Reve	nnes	et (Expense) Levenue and
				Expenses	C	harges for		Operating	Changes in
		Expenses		Allocation		Services		Grants	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
General support	\$	3,957,433	\$	867,912	\$		\$	-	\$ (4,825,345)
Instruction	•	24,978,812	-	6,126,344	•	309,301		2,397,116	(28,398,739)
Pupil transportation		1,981,392		699,834		-		83,568	(2,597,658)
Community services		1,760		-		-			(1,760)
Employee benefits		7,790,069		(7,790,069)		-		-	-
Debt service-Interest		1,204,437		-		-		-	(1,204,437)
Depreciation-unallocated		2,687,806		_		_		-	(2,687,806)
Fiscal agent fees		84,771		_		-		-	(84,771)
School lunch program		1,146,473		95,979		591,702		627,109	(23,641)
Total Functions and Programs	\$	43,832,953	\$		\$	901,003	_\$_	3,107,793	 (39,824,157)
GENERAL REVENUES									
Real property taxes									20,664,290
Other tax items									4,012,830
Use of money and property									179,927
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss									47,313
Miscellaneous									237,894
State sources									19,233,026
Medicaid reimbursement									168,327
Premium on obligations									 822,924
Total General Revenues									 45,366,531
Change in Net Position									5,542,374
Total Net Position - Beginning of ye	ear, Re	stated							 43,774,836
Total Net Position - End of year									\$ 49,317,210

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

	Go	Total vernmental Funds		Long-term Assets, Liabilities		assifications and iminations	Statement of Net Position Totals		
ASSETS									
Unrestricted cash	\$	21,123,546	\$	-	\$	_	\$	21,123,546	
Restricted cash		6,234,616		-		-		6,234,616	
Accounts receivable, net		102,631		-		-		102,631	
Due from other funds		639,873		-		(639,873)		-	
Due from fiduciary funds		-		-		4,745		4,745	
State and federal aid receivable		1,142,035		-		-		1,142,035	
Due from other governments		634,126		-		-		634,126	
Inventories		54,130		-		-		54,130	
Capital Assets, (net)		-		61,831,282		-		61,831,282	
Net pension asset - proportionate share				13,600,189				13,600,189	
Total Assets	\$	29,930,957	\$	75,431,471	\$	(635,128)	\$	104,727,300	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Pensions	\$		\$	3,659,187	\$		\$	3,659,187	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_\$		\$	3,659,187	\$	_	\$	3,659,187	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	241,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$	241,080	
Accrued liabilities		854,130		112,740		-		966,870	
Bond anticipation notes payable		17,000,000		-		-		17,000,000	
Bonds payable		-		20,007,322		-		20,007,322	
Other post employment benefits payable		-		7,100,877		-		7,100,877	
Compensated absences		_		145,554		-		145,554	
Due to other funds		758,562		-		(758,562)		-	
Due to fiduciary funds		-		-		123,434		123,434	
Due to other governments		144		-				144	
Due to teachers' retirement system		3,232,712		-		-		3,232,712	
Due to employees' retirement system		237,807		-		-		237,807	
Unearned revenue		103,738		-		(22,560)		81,178	
Net pension liability- proportionate share			_	580,605		-		580,605	
Total Liabilities	\$	22,428,173	\$	27,947,098	_\$_	(657,688)	\$	49,717,583	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions	\$	-	_\$_	9,351,694	\$		_\$_	9,351,694	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	<u></u>	\$	9,351,694	\$		\$	9,351,694	
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION									
Total Fund Balance\Net Position	\$	7,502,784	\$	41,791,866		22,560		49,317,210	
Total Liabilities, Deferred									
Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	29,930,957	\$	79,090,658	\$	(635,128)	\$	108,386,487	

#### ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Total Long-term Capital Governmental Revenue, Related Funds Expenses Items		Related	Long-term Debt Transactions	Statement of Activities Totals
REVENUES	ф 20.664.200	Φ.	œ.	¢.	¢ 20.664.200
Real property taxes	\$ 20,664,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,664,290
Other tax items	4,012,830	2 200	-	-	4,012,830
Charges for services	306,092	3,209	•	-	309,301
Use of money and property	161,927	18,000	-	-	179,927
Sale of property and	47.212				45.212
compensation for loss	47,313	-	-	-	47,313
Miscellaneous	238,258	-	-	-	238,258
Local sources	32,708	-	-	-	32,708
State sources	20,267,054	-	-	-	20,267,054
Federal sources	2,209,384	-	-	-	2,209,384
Sales - school lunch	591,338	21 200			591,338
Total Revenues	48,531,194	21,209			48,552,403
EXPENDITURES\EXPENSES					
General support	3,963,656	_	(6,223)	_	3,957,433
Instruction	25,002,613	11,317	(35,118)	_	24,978,812
Pupil transportation	1,981,392	11,517	(55,116)	_	1,981,392
Community services	1,760		_	_	1,760
Employee benefits	11,366,469	(3,576,400)	_	_	7,790,069
Debt service-Principal	3,525,962	(5,570,100)	_	(3,525,962)	7,750,005
-Interest	1,254,802	(50,365)	_	(5,525,702)	1,204,437
Cost of sales	1,146,473	(50,505)	_	_	1,146,473
Capital outlay	1,766,211	_	(1,766,211)	_	1,110,175
Depreciation	1,700,211	_	2,687,806	_	2,687,806
Total Expenditures	50,009,338	(3,615,448)	880,254	(3,525,962)	43,748,182
-					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(4.4=0.44)		(000 1)		4.004.004
Over Expenditures	(1,478,144)	3,636,657	(880,254)	3,525,962	4,804,221
OTHER SOURCES AND USES					
Proceeds from debt	333,902	<b></b>	_	(333,902)	_
Premium on obligations	822,924	_	_	(555,762)	822,924
Proceeds from advanced refunding	4,020,000	-	_	(4,020,000)	022,521
Payment to escrow agent	(4,290,000)	_		4,290,000	_
Fiscal agent fees	(84,771)	_	_	-,2>0,000	(84,771)
Operating transfers in	76,826	(76,826)	_	_	-
Operating transfers (out)	(76,826)	76,826			<u>-</u>
Total Other Sources (Uses)	802,055	-		(63,902)	738,153
Net Change for the Year	\$ (676,089)	\$ 3,636,657	\$ (880,254)	\$ 3,462,060	\$ 5,542,374

### ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

		General		Special Aid		School Lunch		Debt Service		Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS												
Unrestricted cash	\$	6,312,440	\$	11,620	\$	63,181	\$	-	\$	14,736,305	\$	21,123,546
Restricted cash		3,532,536		-		-		2,702,080		-		6,234,616
State and federal aid receivable		388,046		706,069		47,920		-		-		1,142,035
Due from other governments		634,126		-		-		-		-		634,126
Accounts receivable, net		102,631		-		-		-		-		102,631
Due from other funds		638,662		-		-		1,211		-		639,873
Inventories		-		_		54,130		-		-		54,130
Total Assets	\$	11,608,441	\$	717,689	<u>\$</u>	165,231	\$	2,703,291	_\$	14,736,305	<u>\$</u>	29,930,957
I I A DALLETANO												
LIABILITIES	•	228 262	•	2 720	•		r.		£		er.	241.000
Accounts payable	\$	238,352	\$	2,728	\$	15.074	\$	-	\$	-	\$	241,080
Accrued liabilities		836,590		2,464		15,076		-		17 000 000		854,130
Bond anticipation notes payable		122 002		(25.02(		2 242		-		17,000,000		17,000,000
Due to other funds		123,893		625,926		2,342		-		6,401		758,562
Due to teachers' retirement system		3,232,712		-		-		-		-		3,232,712
Due to employees' retirement system		237,807		-		144		-		-		237,807
Due to other governments		22.5(0		50.041		144		-				144
Unearned revenue		22,560		59,941		21,237				17.006.401		103,738
Total Liabilities		4,691,914		691,059		38,799				17,006,401		22,428,173
FUND BALANCES												
Non-spendable		_		-		54,130		-				54,130
Restricted		3,532,536		26,630		_		2,703,291		4,500		6,266,957
Assigned		1,463,894				72,302		-		-		1,536,196
Unassigned (Deficit)		1,920,097					_			(2,274,596)		(354,499)
Total Fund Balances		6,916,527		26,630		126,432		2,703,291		(2,270,096)		7,502,784
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,608,441	\$	717,689	<u>s</u>	165,231	\$	2,703,291	\$	14,736,305	\$	29,930,957

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

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-	General	Special School Aid Lunch		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds			
REVENUES											
Real property taxes	\$ 20,664,290	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	20,664,290
Other tax items	4,012,830		-		-		-		-		4,012,830
Charges for services	306,092		-		-		-		-		306,092
Use of money and property	160,386		-		12		1,529		-		161,927
Sale of property and											
compensation for loss	47,313		-		-				-		47,313
Miscellaneous	237,894		-		364		-		-		238,258
Local sources	-		32,708		-		• -		-		32,708
State sources	19,233,026		1,008,622		25,406		-		-		20,267,054
Federal sources	168,327		1,439,354		601,703		_		-		2,209,384
Sales					591,338				-		591,338
Total Revenues	44,830,158		2,480,684		1,218,823		1,529		<u> </u>		48,531,194
EXPENDITURES											
General support	3,963,656		-		-		-		-		3,963,656
Instruction	22,508,316		2,494,297		-		-		-		25,002,613
Pupil transportation	1,897,824		83,568		-		-		-		1,981,392
Community services	1,760		-		-		-		~		1,760
Employee benefits	11,270,490		-		95,979		-		-		11,366,469
Debt service-Principal	3,525,962		-		-		-		-		3,525,962
-Interest	1,065,832		-		-		188,970		-		1,254,802
Cost of sales	-		-		1,146,473		-		-		1,146,473
Capital outlay			-	_		_	-		1,766,211	<del></del>	1,766,211
Total Expenditures	44,233,840		2,577,865		1,242,452	_	188,970	_	1,766,211		50,009,338
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	596,318		(97,181)		(23,629)		(187,441)		(1,766,211)		(1,478,144)
OTHER SOURCES AND USES											
Proceeds from debt	-		-		_		-		333,902		333,902
Premium on obligations	-		-		-		822,924		-		822,924
Proceeds from advanced refuning	-		-		-		4,020,000		-		4,020,000
Payment to escrow agent	-		-		-		(4,290,000)		-		(4,290,000)
Fiscal agent fees	-		-		-		(84,771)		-		(84,771)
Operating transfers in	500		76,326		-		-		-		76,826
Operating transfers (out)	(76,326)		-		(500)		-			_	(76,826)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(75,826)		76,326		(500)	_	468,153		333,902		802,055
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over											
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	520,492		(20,855)		(24,129)		280,712		(1,432,309)		(676,089)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of year	6,396,035		47,485		150,561		2,422,579		(837,787)		8,178,873
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 6,916,527	\$	26,630	\$	126,432	\$	2,703,291	\$	(2,270,096)		7,502,784

## ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency		
ASSETS Cash Due from governmental funds	\$ 17,484 123,434	\$ 753,131		
Total Assets	\$ 140,918	\$ 753,131		
LIABILITIES Extraclassroom activity balances Due to governmental funds Other liabilities	\$ - -	\$ 66,310 4,745 682,076		
Total Liabilities		\$ 753,131		
NET POSITION Reserved for scholarships	\$ 140,918			

#### ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For Year Ended June 30, 2015

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	I	Private Purpose Trusts		
ADDITIONS Contributions	\$	10,394		
Interest		27		
Total Additions		10,421		
DEDUCTIONS				
Scholarships and awards		9,403		
Change in Net Position		1,018		
Net Position - Beginning of year		139,900		
Net Position - End of year	\$	140,918		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Those principles are as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended by GASB Statement 39, <u>Component Units</u>. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity:

#### The Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in these financial statements. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Joint Venture

The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District is one of 23 component school districts in the Albany, Schoharie, Schenectady and Saratoga Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which their students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District was billed \$2,986,384 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES Aid amounted to \$1,142,014. Financial statements for the BOCES Aid are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### 1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Districtwide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes,

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### 1. Districtwide Statements (Continued)

State Aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following funds:

#### a. Major Governmental Funds

- (1) General Fund This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- (2) Special Aid Fund These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

See auditor's report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### a. Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

- (3) School Lunch Fund Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch and breakfast programs.
- (4) **Debt Service Fund** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.
- (5) Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

#### b. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the districtwide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

- (1) Private Purpose Trust Funds These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- (2) Agency Funds These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The districtwide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and districts.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

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#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 18. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties of Albany and Schenectady. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the Counties for enforcement and is paid by the Counties to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

#### G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with the associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the districtwide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note IV for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### J. Receivables

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value that approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond yearend. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

#### L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the districtwide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

In the districtwide financial statements and in the fund statements, bond issuance costs are netted against bond proceeds and recognized in the period of issuance.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

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#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the districtwide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third party professionals. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets, except land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the districtwide statements are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Estimated		
	Threshold		Useful Life		
Site Improvements	\$	5,000	20		
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000	15-50		
Furniture and Equipment	\$	5,000	5-15		
Vehicles	\$	5,000	8		

#### N. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vested/termination method. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end. In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources.

Claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### P. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets/liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, represents a consumption/acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow/inflow of resources (expense/revenue) until then.

#### Q. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its balance sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### R. Postemployment Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post retirement benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. The School District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums (for retirees and their dependents) as an expenditure in the General Fund in the year paid.

See auditor's report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### S. Short-Term Debt

The School District may issue Revenue and Tax Anticipation Notes in anticipation of receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The revenue anticipation and tax anticipation notes represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The School District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### T. Equity Classifications

#### 1. Districtwide Statements

In the districtwide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** – reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

See auditor's report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

#### 2. Fund Statements

I.

In the fund basis statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$54,130.

**Restricted** – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### 1. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

#### 2. Unemployment Insurance

This reserve is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

#### 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

#### Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

This reserve is used to set aside funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### 4. Tax Certiorari

This reserve is used to accumulate funds to pay judgments and claims anticipated from tax certiorari proceedings. Any excess monies must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after the deposit of the monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### 5. Employee Retirement Contributions

This reserve is used for future employee's retirement obligations. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

#### 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Restricted fund balance includes the following:

General Fund:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$ 400,514
Unemployment Insurance	301,851
Employee Retirement Contributions	1,802,570
Tax Certiorari	1,027,601
Capital Fund	4,500
Debt Service Fund	2,703,291
Special Aid Fund	 26,630
Total restricted funds	\$ 6,266,957

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision making, the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2015.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$388,894 and the assigned fund balance amounted to \$1,075,000.

**Unassigned** – Includes all other General Fund net assets that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

# 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a School District can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

# U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2015, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensionsan Amendment of GASB Statement 27, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB has issued Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective for the year ending June 30, 2015.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

GASB has issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.

The school district will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncments may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

# II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

Due to differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the districtwide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

#### 1. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:</u>

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories:

# a. <u>Long-term revenue differences</u>:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

See auditor's report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements (Continued)

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):</u>

# b. <u>Capital related differences</u>:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

# c. <u>Long-term debt transaction differences</u>:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

# d. Pension differences:

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liabiolity and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually of their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets	\$99,396,276
Accumulated depreciation	37,564,994
Capital assets, net	<u>\$61,831,282</u>

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year end were:

Bonds payable	\$20,007,322
OPEB obligations	\$ 7,100,877
Compensated Absences	\$ 145,554

See auditor's report.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements (Continued)

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):</u>

Repayment of bond principal of \$7,815,962 is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

Interest on long-term debt and short-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The interest reported in the Statement of Activities increased by \$26,135.

#### III. Cash and Investments

#### A. Deposits

The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are: obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

Deposits and investments at year end were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance or by collateral held by the School District's custodial bank in the School District's name.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

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# IV. Interfund Transaction

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Interfund			Inter	fund			
	Receivable		Payable		R	evenues	Exp	enditures
General Fund	\$	638,662	\$	123,893	\$	500	\$	76,326
Special Aid Fund		-		625,926		76,326		-
School Lunch Fund		-		2,342		-		500
Capital Fund		-		6,401		-		-
Debt Service Fund		1,211		_		-		
Total governmental activities		639,873		758,562	\$	76,826	\$	76,826
Fiduciary Agency Fund		123,434		4,745				
Totals	\$	763,307	\$	763,307				

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# V. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

Capital assets-not depreciated:	Balance 7/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2015
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,652,526 837,788	\$ - 1,432,309	\$ - -	1,652,526 2,270,097
Total capital assets-not depreciated:	2,490,314	1,432,309	-	3,922,623
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements  Machinery and equipment  Buses	84,916,751 5,323,724 5,055,180	41,341 333,902	- - 197,245	84,916,751 5,365,065 5,191,837
Total other capital assets:	95,295,655	375,243	197,245	95,473,653
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements  Machinery and equipment  Buses	26,121,470 4,989,798 3,963,165	2,097,305 89,178 501,323	- - 197,245	28,218,775 5,078,976 4,267,243
Total accumulated depreciation	35,074,433	2,687,806	197,245	37,564,994
Other capital assets, net	60,221,222	(2,312,563)		57,908,659
Total	\$ 62,711,536	\$ (880,254)	\$ -	\$ 61,831,282

Depreciation expense for the period was shown as unallocated in the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### VI. Pension Plans

# 1. General Information

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems).

# 2. Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

# Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

# Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Contributions		
	ERS	TRS
2015	\$927,463	\$3,040,705
2014	\$979,905	\$2,183,706
2013	\$825,508	\$2,062,167

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

# 3. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2015 for ERS and June 30, 2014 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

Actuarial valuation date	31-Mar-15	30-Jun-14
Net pension asset/(liability)	(\$580,605)	\$13,600,189
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0172%	0.1221%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District's recognized pension expense of \$542,763 for ERS and the actuarial value \$2,930,648 for TRS. At June 30, 2015 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Difference between arrange	ERS	TRS	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$18,586	o	o	198,878
Changes of assumptions	\$0	0	O	o
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$100,844	0	o	9,134,005
Changes in proportion and differnces between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$69,238	0	o	18,811
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	237,807	3,232,712	0	0
Total	426,475	3,232,712	0	9,351,694

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Year ended:		
2015	\$ -	\$ (2,308,814)
2016	\$47,167	(2,308,814)
2017	\$47,167	(2,308,814)
2018	\$47,167	(2,308,814)
2019	\$47,167	(25,313)
Thereafter	\$0	(91,125)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

# 4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the Measurement date	e valuations were as follows: March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2014	June 30, 2013
Interest rate	7.5%	8%
Salary scale		4.01% - 10.91%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010 System's Experience	July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010 System's Experience
Inflation rate	1.0%	3.0%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2011 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2011 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2010. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2010.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Asset Type	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u>
Domestic Equity	38%	37%
International Equity	13%	18%
Private Equity	10%	0%
Real Estate	8%	10%
Alternative Investments	0%	7%
Domestic fixed income securities	0%	18%
Global fixed income securities	0%	2%
Bonds and Mortgages	18%	8%
Short-term	0%	0%
Absolute return strategies	3%	0%
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	0%
Real Assets	3%	0%
Cash	2%	0%
Inflation-Indexed bonds	2%	0%

#### 5. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5 % for ERS and 16.25 % for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

# 6. <u>Senisitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate</u> Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for ERS and 8.0% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.5%f or ERS and 7.0% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8.5% for ERS and 9.0% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Employer's proportionate share Of the net pension asset (liability)	\$3,869,982	\$580,605	(\$2,196,445)
TRS	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
Employer's proportionate share			
Of the net pension asset (liability)	(\$293,375)	(\$13,600,189)	(\$24,939,442)

# 7. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

(Dollars in Thousands)			
ERS	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>	
March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014		
\$ 164,591,504 \$	97,015,706,548	\$97,180,298,052	
(161,213,259)	(11,139,376,579)	(11,300,589,838)	
3,378,245	(11,139,376,579)	(11,135,998,334)	
	•		
		,	
97.9000%	111.4800%	209.38%	
	ERS March 31, 2015 \$ 164,591,504 \$ (161,213,259) 3,378,245	ERS TRS  March 31, 2015 June 30, 2014  \$ 164,591,504 \$ 97,015,706,548  (161,213,259) (11,139,376,579)  3,378,245 (11,139,376,579)	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

# 8. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$237,807.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2015 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$3,232,712.

# 9. Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27. The implementation of Statement No. 68 resulted in the reporting of an asset, deferred outflow of resources, liability and deferred inflow of resources related to the District's participation in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' retirement systems. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$ 40,600,122
GASB Statement No. 68 implementation	
Beginning System asset - Teachers' Retirement System	782,670
Beginning System liability - Employees' Retirement System	(776,638)
Beginning deferred outflow of resources for contributions	
subsequent to the measurement date	
Teachers' Retirement System	2,930,648
Employees' Retirement System	 238,034
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$ 43,774,836

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED

# VII. Short-Term Debt Obligations

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Balance			Balance	
	Maturity	Rate	7/1/2014	Issued	Redeemed	6/30/15	
BANS	2015	2.00%	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 17,000,000	\$0	\$17,000,000	

Interest on short-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$	-
Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus interest accrued in the current year	7	6,500
Total expense	<u>\$_7</u>	6,500

# VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

# 1. Long-Term Debt Interest

Interest paid	\$ 1,254,802
Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus interest accrued in the current year	(163,105) 112,740
Total expense	\$1,204,437

# 2. Changes

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	7/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2015	One Year
Serial Bonds	\$ 23,469,382	\$ 4,353,902	\$ 7,815,962	\$ 20,007,322	\$ 3,619,679
Compensated					
Absences	134,237	11,317	-	145,554	
<b>OPEB Obligations</b>	6,524,914	575,963		7,100,877	
Totals	\$ 30,128,533	\$ 4,941,182	\$ 7,815,962	\$ 27,253,753	

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

See auditor's report.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

# 3. Maturity

a. The following is a summary of the debt issued:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding	
Purpose	Date	Maturity	Rate		6/30/2015
Serial Bonds:					
Advanced refunding	2015	2027	2-5%	\$	4,020,000
Advanced refunding	2012	2016	3-5%		1,500,000
Advanced refunding	2012	2016	2-3%		230,000
Construction	2005	2021	3.5-3.9%		305,000
Construction	2006	2027	4.2-4.375%		435,000
Construction	2012	2025	3-5%		12,425,000
Buses	2014	2019	1.42%		333,901
Buses	2013	2018	1.52%		363,418
Buses	2012	2017	1.68%		170,937
Buses	2011	2016	1.96%		148,000
Buses	2010	2015	2.35%		76,066
Total				\$	20,007,322

b. The following is a summary of maturing principal debt service requirements:

	Year_	Principal		Interest		Total
Serial Bonds:	2016	\$ 3,619,679	-	\$ 879,344	\$	4,499,023
	2017	1,868,614		742,468		2,611,082
	2018	1,849,614		669,577		2,519,191
	2019	1,872,635		592,065		2,464,700
	2020	1,856,780		509,286		2,366,066
	2021 and thereafter	8,940,000		 1,350,844		10,290,844
	Total	\$ 20,007,322	_	\$ 4,743,584	\$	24,750,906

#### **Current-Year Defeasance of Debt**

On February 18, 2015 the District issued \$4,020,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.5% to advance refund \$4,290,000 of outstanding serial bonds with an average interest rate of 4%. The net proceeds of \$4,569,904 (after payment of \$84,771 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds.

See auditor's report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

#### Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain general obligation bonds were defeased by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the liability for the defeased bonds and the trust account assets are not included in the financial statements.

# IX. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits

The District provides postemployment (health insurance, life insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

The District implemented GASB Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, in the school year ended June 30, 2009. This required the District to calculate and record a net other postemployment benefit obligation at year end. The net other postemployment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance annually as expenditures in the General Fund of the funds financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized \$1,355,197 for its share of insurance premiums for currently enrolled retirees.

The District has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2014 which indicates that the total liability for other postemployment benefits is \$7,100,877, which is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

The District currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Once New York State Law allows for the establishment of a trust to fund and invest assets necessary to pay for the accumulated liability, the District will study the establishment of such a trust. These financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# IX. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (Continued)

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to HP:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,849,302
Interest on net OPEB obligation	326,246
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(244,388)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,931,160
Contributions made	 1,355,197
Increase in net OPEB obligation	575,963
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	6,524,914
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 7,100,877

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
6/30/2013	\$2,079,462	59.0%	\$5,179,570
6/30/2014	\$2,249,416	40.2%	\$6,524,914
6/30/2015	\$1,931,160	70.2%	\$7,100,877

# Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$24,676,952, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$24,676,952. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$20,654,256 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 119.5%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future.

Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information in the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# IX. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (Continued)

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4.7% initially, decreased by increments to an ultimate rate of 3.84% in the final year. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 30 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period, at June 30, 2015, was 23 years.

# X. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

#### 1. General Information

The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

# 2. Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District participates in a risk-sharing pool, New York State Public Schools Statewide Workers' Compensation Trust, to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5, Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# X. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

# A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance (Continued)

#### 3. Other Items

The School District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal government. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the School District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

# 4. Litigation

There are currently pending tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payments of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. The School District has established a tax certiorari reserve to cover a portion of the potential refund exposure and the District has legal authority to borrow funds to repay school taxes when needed.

# 5. Operating Leases

The School District leases property and equipment under operating leases. Total rental expenditures on such leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$131,213. The future non-cancelable operating lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended	Leas	Lease Payments		
2016	\$	66,643		
2017		66,643		
2018		33,322		
	\$	166,608		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# XI. Other Disclosures

# A. <u>Summary of Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet</u> to the Statement of Net Position

Total governmental fund balance	\$ 7,502,784
Capital assets (net)	61,831,282
Net pension asset- proportionate share	13,600,189
Deferred outflows of resources	3,659,187
Bonds payable	(20,007,322)
Accrued interest payable	(112,740)
Net pension liability- proportionate share	(580,605)
Deferred inflows of resources	(9,351,694)
Compensated absences	(145,554)
OPEB obligations	(7,100,877)
Unearned revenue	22,560
Total net position	\$ 49,317,210

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# XI. Other Disclosures (Continued)

# B. Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities

Net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$	(676,089)
Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the Statement of Net Position		1,807,552
Depreciation is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the Statement of Activities		(2,687,806)
Repayments of Long-term Debt are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as payments of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position		7,815,962
Interest is recognized as an expense in governmental funds when paid. For governmental activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrue The decrease in accrued interest during 2014/15 results in less expense		50,365
Certain revenues deferred in the Governmental Funds must be recognized in the Statement of Activities	ed	21,209
Proceeds from debt are recognized as revenue in the Governmental Funds, but not in the Statement of Activities		(4,353,902)
(Increases) Decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liabilit reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as revor expenditures in the governmental funds:  Teachers' Retirement System	e	3,767,889
Employee's Retirement System  Cortain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the		384,474
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
OPEB obligations		(575,963)

See auditor's report.

(11,317)

\$5,542,374

Compensated absences

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

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# XII. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The implementation of the Statements requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability its portion of the collective net pensions asset and liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The implementation of the Statements also requires the District to report a deferred outflow and/or inflow of the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also included as a deferred outflow is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See Note VI for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statements.

# XIII. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

# A. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

# Budget Policies

The budget policies are as follows:

- a. The School District's administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.
- b. The proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund is approved by the voters within the School District.
- c. Appropriations are adopted at the program level.
- d. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# XIII. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

# A. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

# 2. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The budget and actual comparison in the Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and Actual, reflects budgeted and actual amounts for the General Fund which is a legally authorized (appropriated) budget.

Special Aid Fund and School Lunch Fund have not been included in the comparison because they do not have legally authorized budgets.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. The budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

- 3. Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.
- 4. The Capital Fund has deficit fund balance of \$2,270,096 at June 30, 2015. The deficit will be eliminated when the District issues serial bonds for the current capital project.

# XIV. Subsequent Events

There were no significant subsequent events to report from the period of July 1, 2015 to September 15, 2015.

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET- GENERAL FUND For Year Ended June 30, 2015

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		Original Budget		Revised Budget		Actual	F	Variance avorable favorable)
REVENUES								
Local Sources	ď	20 655 675	\$	20,655,675	\$	20 664 200	\$	8,615
Real property taxes Other tax items	\$	20,655,675 4,007,573	Þ	4,007,573	Ф	20,664,290 4,012,830	Þ	5,257
Charges for services		310,750		318,892		306,092		(12,800)
Use of money and property		181,250		181,250		160,386		(20,864)
Sale of property and		161,230		181,230		100,580		(20,004)
compensation for loss		1,500		1,500		47,313		45,813
Miscellaneous		100,000		157,103		237,894		80,791
Missonanous		100,000		101,1100				33,,,,,
Total Local Sources		25,256,748		25,321,993		25,428,805		106,812
State sources		19,201,281		19,201,281		19,233,026		31,745
Federal sources		75,000		75,000		168,327	•	93,327
Total Revenues		44,533,029		44,598,274		44,830,158		231,884
Other Financing Sources								
Operating transfers in	_					500		500
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources		44,533,029		44,598,274		44,830,658	\$	232,384
Appropriated Fund Balance		1,125,000		1,125,000				
Appropriated Reserves		750,000	****	1,277,938				
Total Revenues, Other Sources, Appropriate Reserves and Fund Balance	ed _\$_	46,408,029	\$	47,001,212	•		-	

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, OTHER USES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED TO BUDGET-GENERAL FUND

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Revised Budget		Actual	Ence	umbrances	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
EXPENDITURES										
General Support									_	
Board of education	\$	34,527	\$	39,907	\$	28,655	\$	-	\$	11,252
Central administration		192,910		205,478		204,383		-		1,095
Finance		527,292		536,989		504,019		-		32,970
Staff		281,100		297,254		258,632		7,250		31,372
Central services		2,517,426		2,656,769		2,466,229		54,018		136,522
Special items		557,460		513,856	_	501,738				12,118
Total General Support		4,110,715	4,250,253			3,963,656		61,268		225,329
Instructional										
Instruction, administration and improvement		1,871,265		1,854,204		1,754,794		-		99,410
Teaching - regular school		13,269,773		13,152,124		12,613,274		17,471		521,379
Programs for children with handicapping conditions		4,092,143		4,408,206		3,921,137		212,212		274,857
Occupational education		700,000		700,000		692,055		-		7,945
Teaching - special school		181,095		251,334		220,355		27		30,952
Instructional media		1,158,239		1,197,717		1,151,756		19,497		26,464
Pupil services		2,251,779		2,267,924		2,154,945		28,261		84,718
Total Instructional		23,524,294	_	23,831,509	_	22,508,316		277,468		1,045,725
Pupil transportation		2,163,701		2,215,436		1,897,824		50,158		267,454
Community services		2,760		2,760		1,760		-		1,000
Employee benefits		11,949,743		12,033,112		11,270,490		-		762,622
Debt Service										
Principal		3,525,962		3,525,962		3,525,962		_		-
Interest		1,065,854		1,065,854	_	1,065,832		_		22
Total Expenditures		46,343,029		46,924,886		44,233,840		388,894		2,302,152
OTHER USES										
Operating transfers out	_	65,000		76,326	_	76,326		-		-
<b>Total Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	\$_	46,408,029	\$	47,001,212	_	44,310,166	\$	388,894	\$	2,302,152
Net change in fund balance						520,492				
Fund balance- Beginning					_	6,396,035				
Fund balance- Ending					_\$	6,916,527				

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS For Year Ended June 30, 2015

 Actuarial Valuation Date	Valı	arial ue of sets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age		Ur	nfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	24,676,952	\$	24,676,952	0%	\$20,654,256	119.50%
July 1, 2013	\$	-	\$	27,288,024	\$	27,288,024	0%	\$19,112,261	142.80%
July 1, 2012	\$	-	\$	26,082,795	\$	26,082,795	0%	\$18,646,108	139.90%
July 1, 2011	\$	-	\$	25,318,829	\$	25,318,829	0%	\$18,103,017	139.90%
July 1, 2010	\$	-	\$	24,051,998	\$	24,051,998	0%	\$16,600,000	144.90%
March 1, 2010	\$	-	\$	22,094,816	\$	22,094,816	0%	\$15,937,950	138.60%

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Original Budget			\$	46,408,029	
Additions:					
Prior year's encumbrances	\$	410,937			
Budget revisions- Reserves		117,002			
- Fees		4,377			
- Drama		57,102			
- Summer School		3,765		593,183	
Final Budget			\$	47,001,212	
G					
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW L	IMIT CAL	CULATION	1		
2015-16 Voter-approved Expenditure Budget					\$ 48,002,424
Maximum allowed (4% of 2015-2016 Budget)					\$ 1,920,097
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of	f Real Prope	erty Tax Law	<b>*</b> :		
Unrestricted fund balance:					
Committed fund balance			\$	-	
Assigned fund balance				1,463,894	
Unassigned fund balance				1,920,097	
Total unrestricted fund balance			\$	3,383,991	
Less:					
Appropriated fund balance			\$	1,075,000	
Encumbrances included in committed and assigned	ed fund bala	ince		388,894	
Total adjustments			\$	1,463,894	

1,920,097

4.00%

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law

Actual percentage

<sup>\*</sup> Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund Fund Balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES- CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For Year Ended June 30, 2015

-	 	 •

				 	Е	xpenditures	 	Revenues											
	Origin	l	Revised	Prior		Current			Unexpended	Pr	oceeds of		NYS		Local				Fund Balance
	Budge	t	Budget	 Years		Year	 Total		Balance	0	bligations	S	ources		Sources		Total		June 30, 2015
PROJECT TITLE				 			 												
Buses	\$ 333	,902	\$ 333,902	\$ -	\$	333,902	\$ 333,902	\$	-	\$	333,902	\$	-	\$			\$ 333,902	5	-
Districtwide	48,166	300	48,166,300	 837,788		1,432,309	 2,270,097		45,896,203		-		-						(2,270,097)
Totals	\$ 48,500	202	\$ 48,500,202	\$ 837,788	\$	1,766,211	\$ 2,603,999	\$	45,896,203	\$	333,902	\$		\$			\$ 333,902		(2,270,097)

# ROTTERDAM-MOHONASEN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Capital assets, net \$ 61,831,282

Deduct:

Bond anticipation notes payable \$ 17,000,000
Short-term portion of bonds payable 3,619,679
Long-term portion of bonds payable 16,387,643 37,007,322

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt

\$ 24,823,960

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2015.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we have reported to management in our accompanying management letter.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Claverack, New York September 15, 2015

# RAYMOND G. PREUSSER, CPA. P.C.

Certified Public Accountants P.O. Box 538 Claverack, New York 12513

> Telephone: (518) 851-6650 Fax: (518) 851-6675

To the Board of Education of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Umited States of America, we considered the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

During our audit, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated September 15, 2015 on the financial statements of the Rotterdam-Mohonasen Central School District. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies.

We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or assist you in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows:

#### Other Matters:

#### Fixed Assets:

During our audit of the fixed assets of the District, we noted that a physical inventory had not recently been performed to determine that all assets were intact.

We recommend that such an inventory be performed at least once every three years to strengthen the control over inventory and also to ensure proper insurance coverage.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, the audit committee, the New York State Education Department and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the Business Office personnel for their courtesies received during the course of our audit.

Very truly yours, RAYMOND G. PREUSSER, CPA, P.C.

Raymond G. Preusser